## The meeting will begin shortly



Please mute your microphone until called for questions.



Please disable your video unless you are speaking.



Please enter your name and title in the chat.



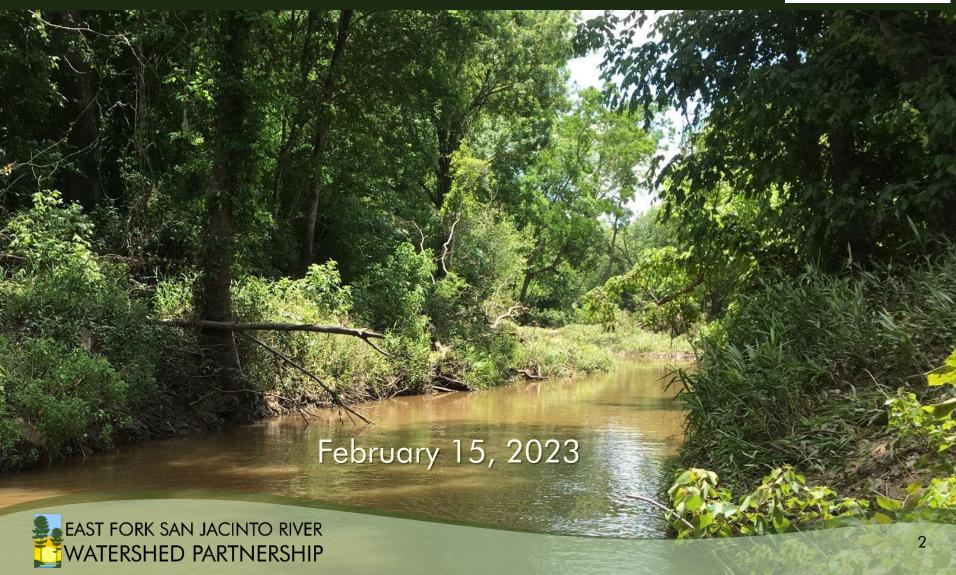
Please insert questions in chat or raise hand to speak.



This meeting is being recorded.

# Welcome to this public meeting of the EAST FORK SAN JACINTO RIVER WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP

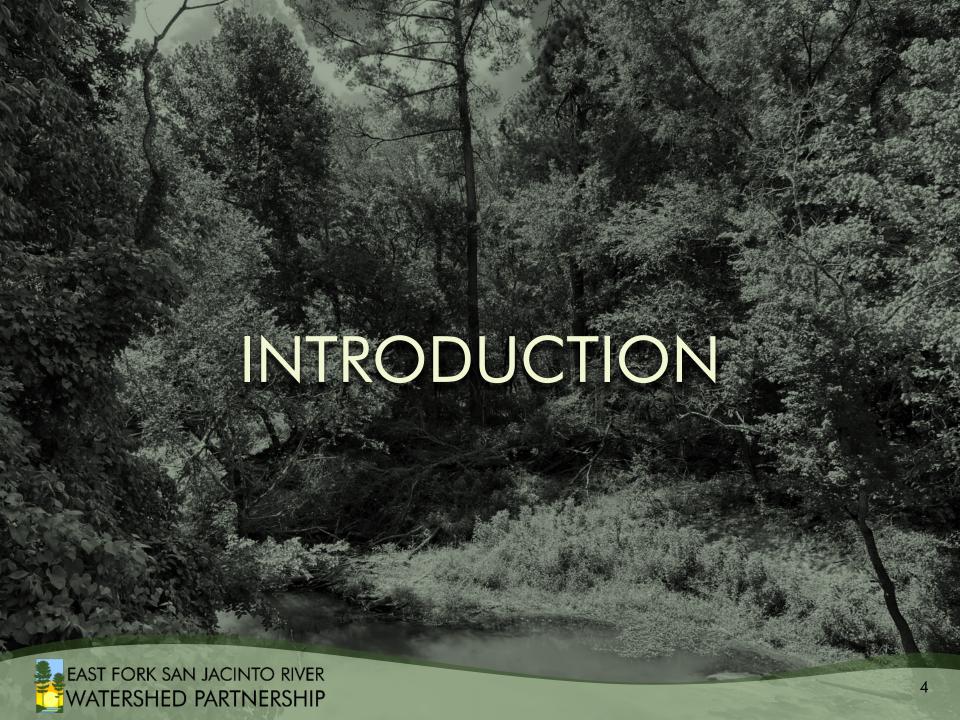




## MEETING OUTLINE



- Welcome and Introductions
- Steering Committee Nominations
- Project Background
- Bacteria Source Models
- Next Steps
- Discussion



#### WHO WE ARE





lead state environmental management agency



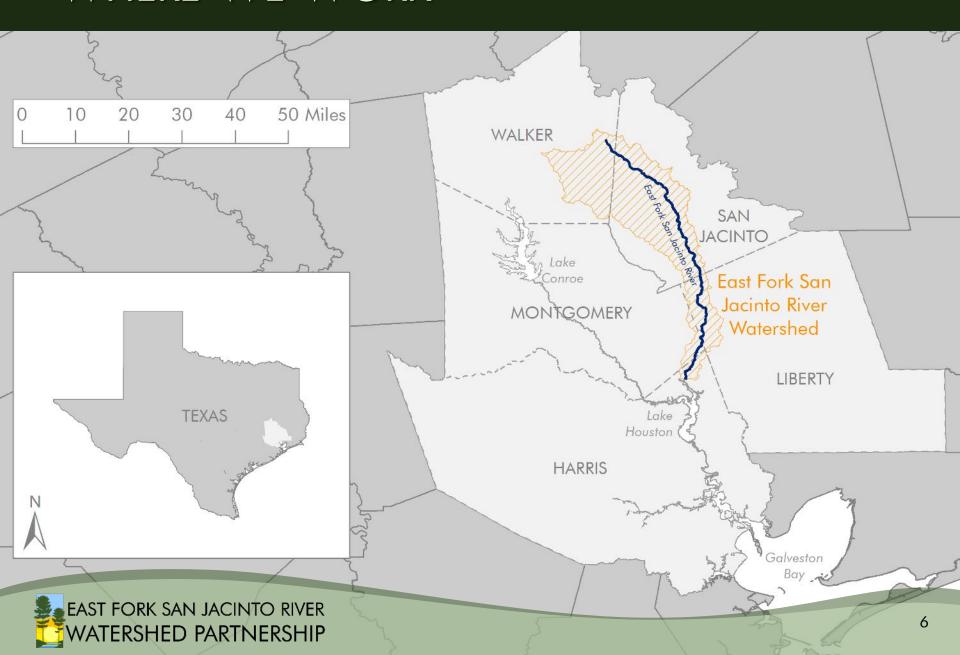
Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC) regional council of governments

#### **Watershed Partnership**



local stakeholders working with TCEQ and H-GAC to develop and implement a watershed protection plan for the East Fork San Jacinto River watershed

## WHERE WE WORK

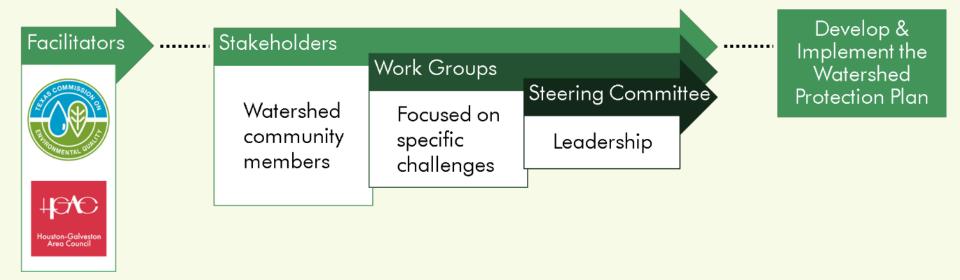


## WHY WE'RE HERE

Surface water quality in the East Fork San Jacinto River Watershed is impaired due to high levels of fecal indicator bacteria.



## PARTNERSHIP STRUCTURE



## Steering Committee Nominees

Name	Organization	Representing
Ashley Morgan Olvera	Sam Houston State University	Academia
Brian Koch	Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board	Agriculture
		Business/Industry
Kevin Muraira	Bayou Land Conservancy	Community/Environmental Organizations
Kelly Norrid	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	Community/Environmental Organizations
Cassidy Ince	TAMU Forest Service	Forestry
		Forestry
Jamie Shakar	City of Houston	Local Government
Andrew Isbell	Walker County	Local Government
		Residents



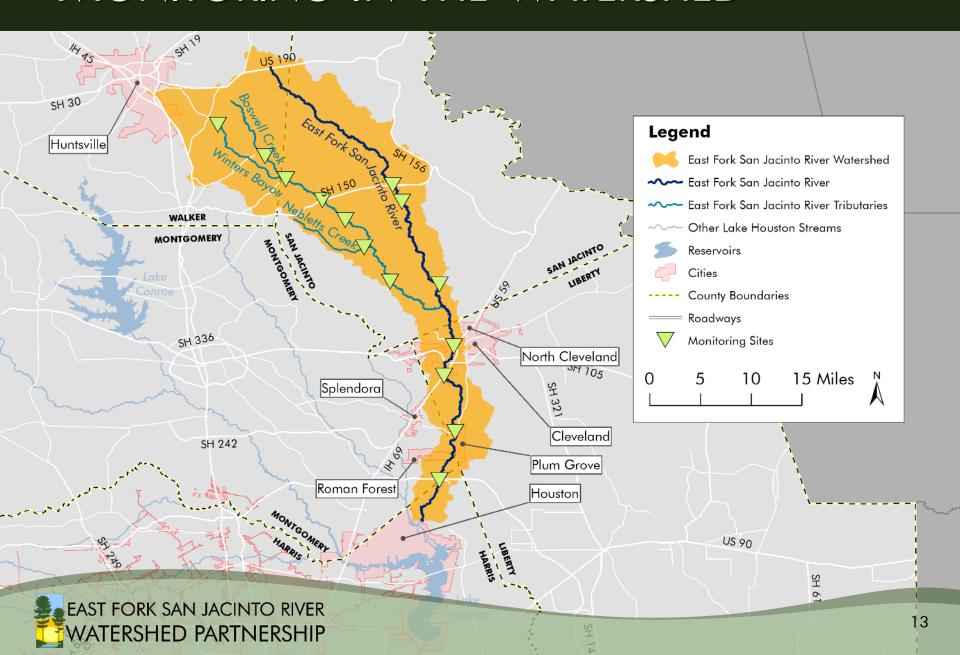


## ASSESSING WATER QUALITY

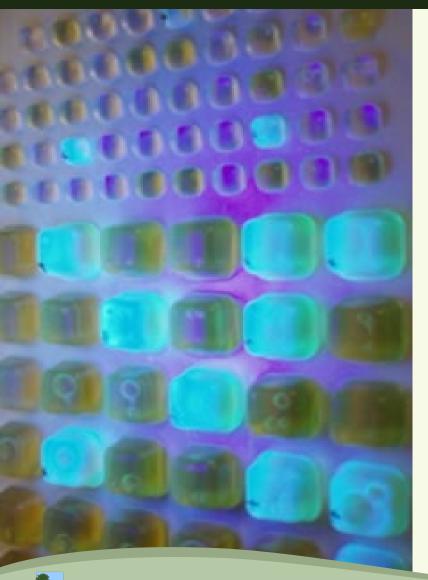


- Statewide monitoring
- TCEQ produces integrated report of results every two years
- Waterways exceeding standards are impaired

## MONITORING IN THE WATERSHED



## STATUS OF EAST FORK SAN JACINTO RIVER



- The East Fork San Jacinto River and Winters Bayou are impaired for contact recreation
- Recreation use concern in Boswell Creek
- High levels of bacteria *Escherichia coli* (E. coli) indicate pollution from fecal waste

## BACTERIA SOURCES



#### **Human Waste**

- Wastewater
- Septic/Aerobic Systems
- Illicit Sewage

#### **Domestic Animal Waste**

- Pets
- Livestock

# Wildlife and Invasive Species Waste

- Deer and Other Wildlife
- Feral Hogs



## SELECT MODELS

- Spatial estimate of total potential daily load from all fecal waste sources
- Based on known data and assumptions from literature values
- Modified to estimate loading changes over time in 5-year increments
- Modified to weight source load estimates based on distance from waterways

## BUFFER APPROACH

#### **Buffer Zone**

- Within 300 feet of the waterway
- Assume 100% impact

#### **Watershed Area**

- Greater than 300 feet from the waterway
- Assume 25% impact



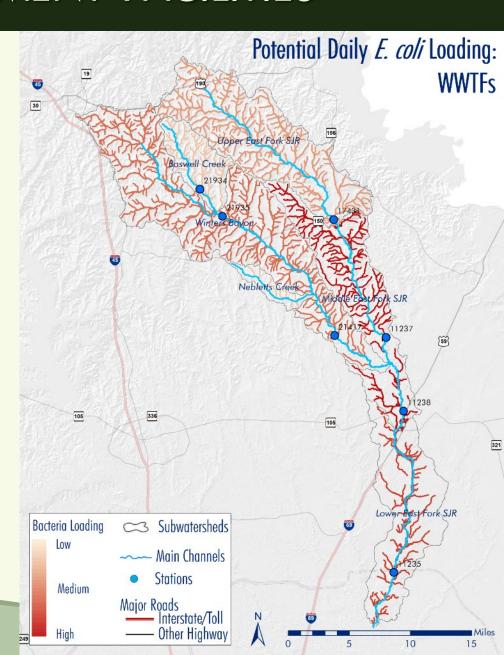
### Wastewater Treatment Facilities

#### **Methods:**

- Based on outfall data (within buffer zone) from 10 facilities
- Load estimated by size (<0.1 to 1 MGD)</li>

- Highest relative loads occur in the middle and lower East Fork subwatersheds
- Expected to increase over time
- Significant human health risk but minor contribution to total load





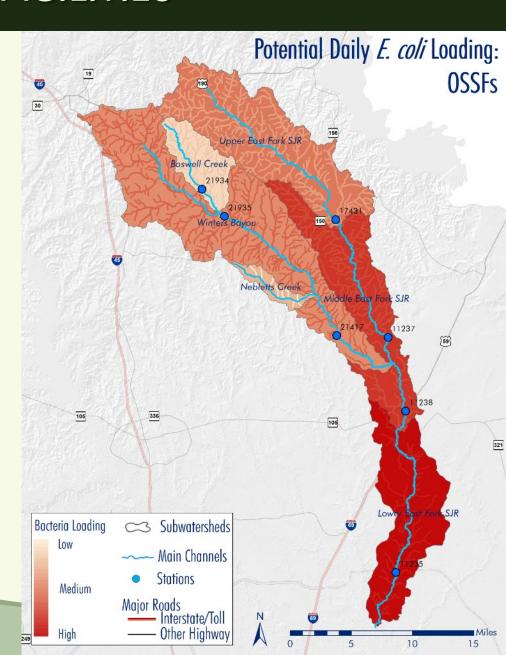
## ON-SITE SEWAGE FACILITIES

#### **Methods:**

- Used permit data and assumption of unpermitted units based on occupied parcels outside service areas
- Estimated 10% failing

- Highest relative loads occur in the middle and lower East Fork subwatersheds
- Expected to increase over time
- Significant human health risk but minor contribution to total load





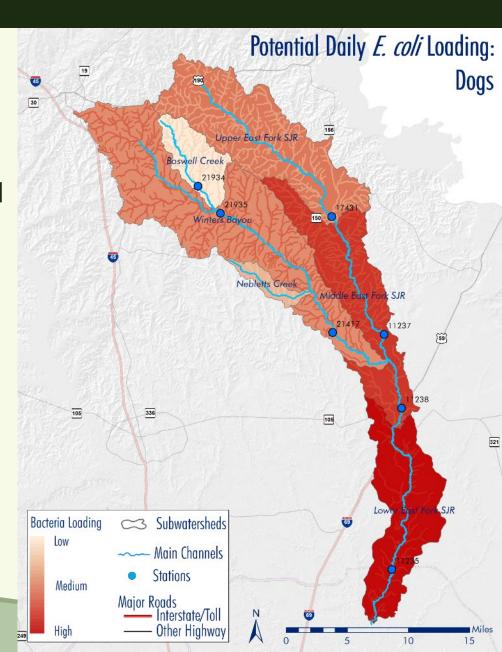
## DOG WASTE

#### **Methods:**

- Literature value applied to household data
- Includes 20% reduction of estimated load based on pet waste management

- Highest relative loads occur in the middle and lower East Fork subwatersheds
- Expected to increase over time
- Moderate contribution to total load





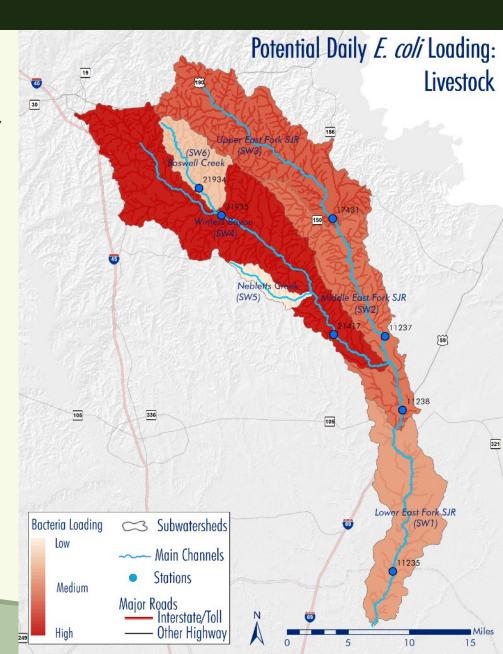
## LIVESTOCK WASTE

#### **Methods:**

- County agricultural census data and suitable land cover adjusted by watershed area ratio
- Includes cattle, horses, sheep and goats

- Highest relative loads occur in the Winters bayou subwatershed
- Expected to increase slightly over time
- Major contribution to total load





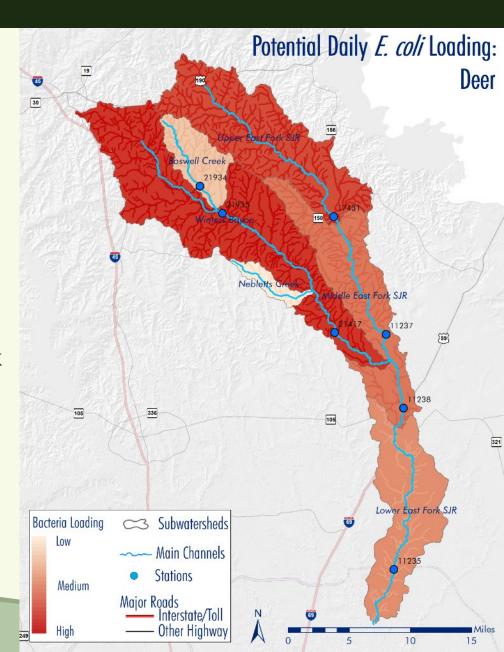
## DEER WASTE

#### **Methods:**

- Used Texas Parks and Wildlife population density data based on ecoregion
- Density assumptions adjusted for land cover type

- Highest relative loads occur in the Winters Bayou and Upper East Fork subwatersheds
- Expected to decrease slightly over time
- Minor contribution to total load





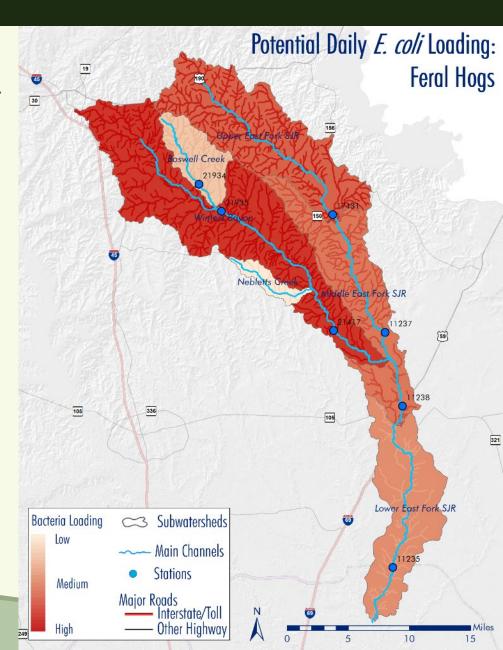
## FERAL HOGS

#### **Methods:**

- Used AgriLife population density literature values
- Density assumptions adjusted for land cover type

- Highest relative loads occur in the Winters Bayou subwatershed
- Expected to decrease slightly over time
- Major contribution to total load





## OTHER SOURCES



**Other Wildlife** 

- Initial estimate of additional 10% of total calculated load
- Increases overall load estimation
- Stakeholder observations?



**Birds** 

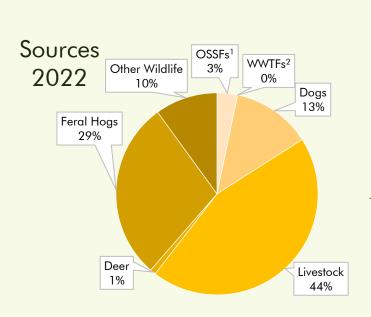
- Short-term migratory birds vs. colonial birds
- Relatively small human health risk
- Stakeholder observations?



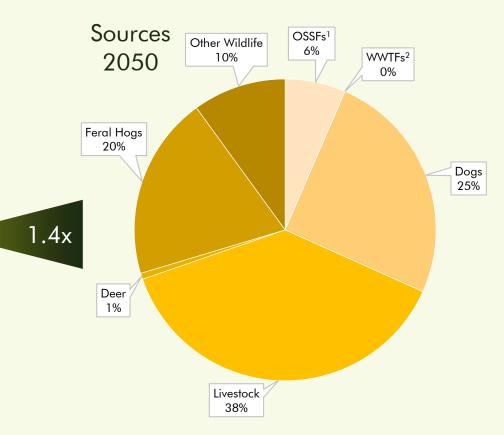
Sanitary Sewer
Overflows

- Episodic, localized events
- Weather events cause highest volumes and frequencies
- Significant risk to human health, address directly in management strategies

## BACTERIA SOURCE MODEL SUMMARY







59,230 billion cfu/day

<sup>1</sup>OSSFs – On-Site Sewage Facilities <sup>2</sup>WWTFs – Wastewater Treatment Facilities





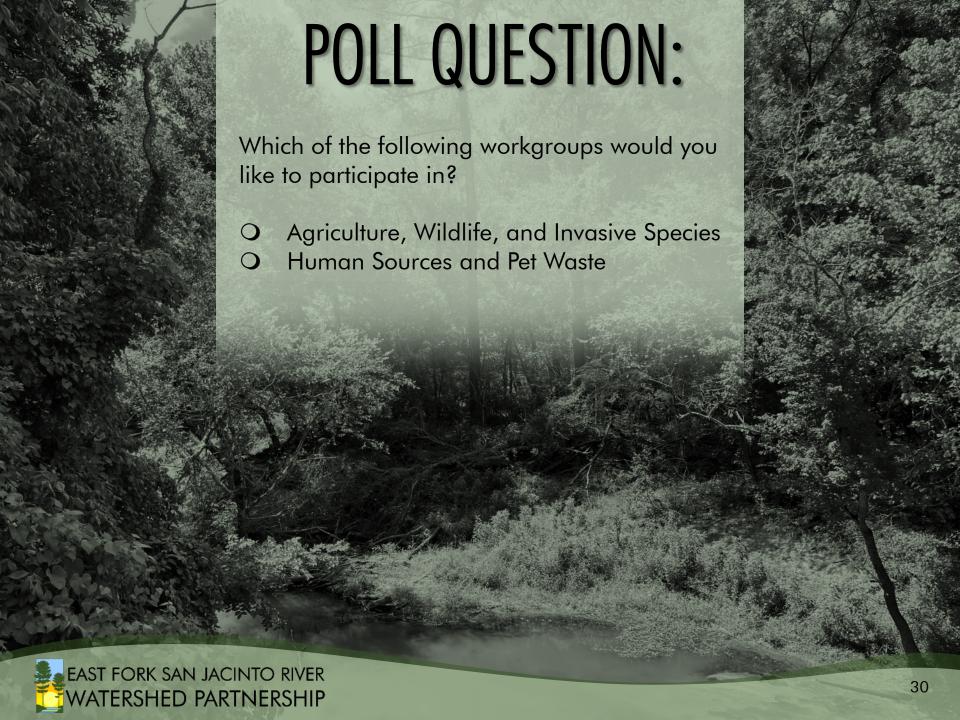
## TIMELINE



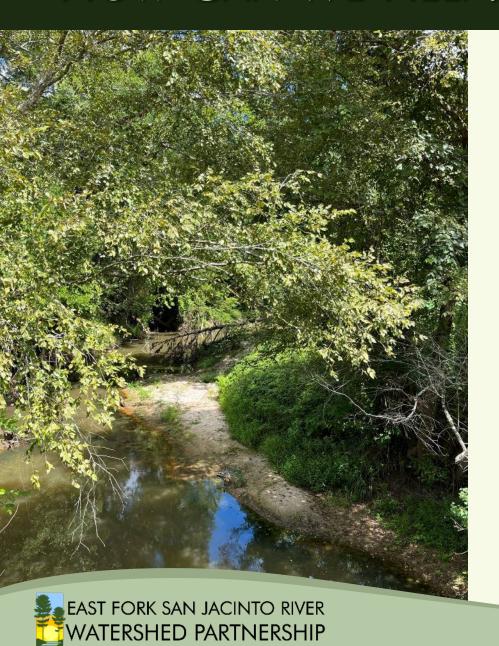
### SHORT TERM GOALS



- Meet with workgroups to refine modeling results in March
- Next Partnership meeting in April to share revisions and begin discussing implementation strategies
- One-on-one meetings with stakeholders



## HOW CAN WE HELP?



 Tell us about your projects and organizations!

- Tell us how we can:
  - Amplify
  - Collaborate
  - Coordinate



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